



The NWPU System for CHiME5 Challenge

Zhiwei Zhao, Jian Wu, Lei Xie

Audio, Speech and Language Processing Lab (ASLP@NWPU)

School of Computer Science, Northwestern Polytechnical University





Outline

- System Overview
 - Single track challenge
 - Development set
 - ✓ N-gram 65.17%
 - ✓ RNNLM 63.54%
 - Evaluation set
 - ✓ N-gram 57.85%
 - ✓ RNNLM 56.09%
- Front End
- Acoustic Model
- System Fusion
- Summary

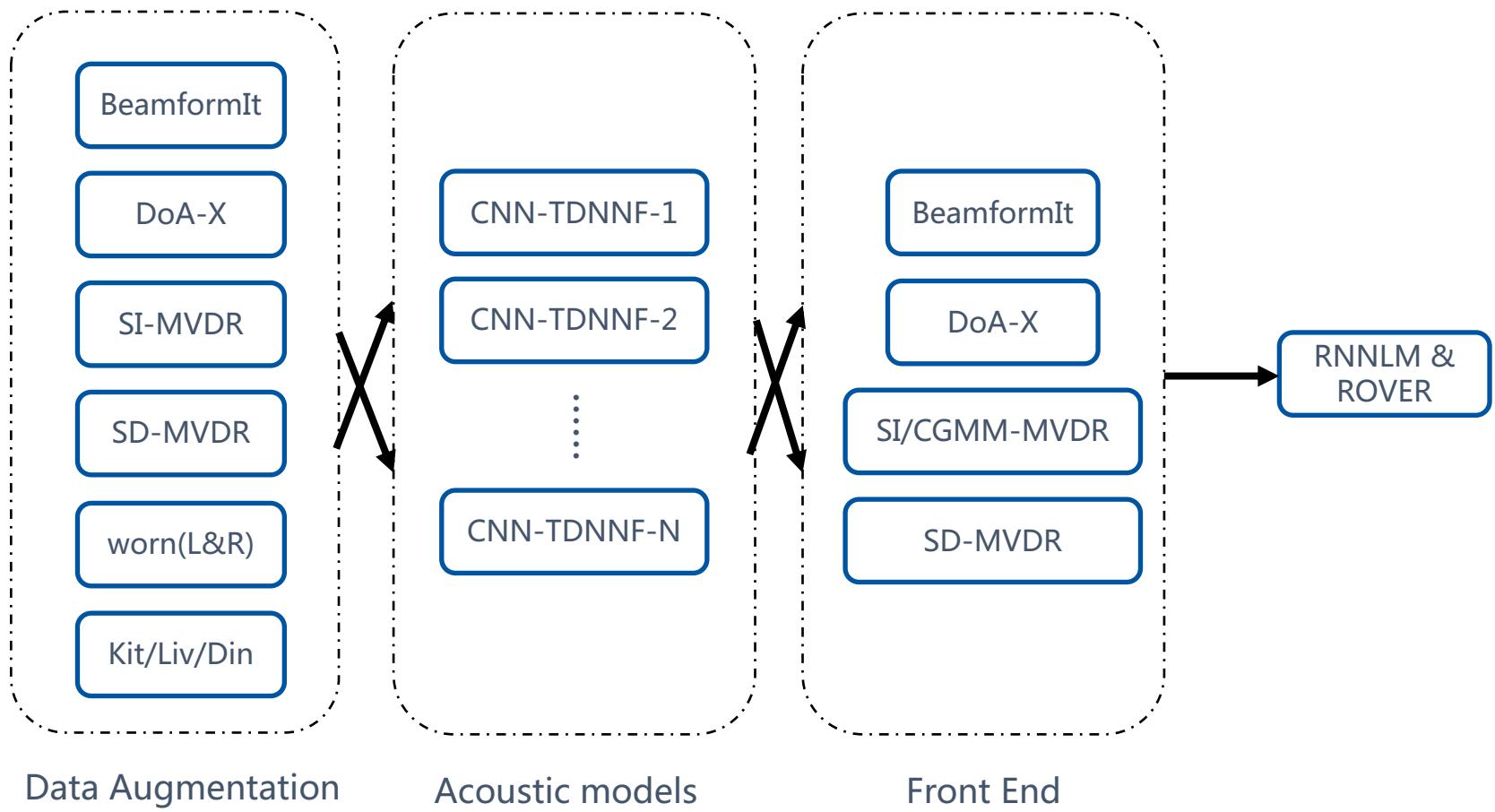


System Overview

- Front End
 - Fixed Beamforming
 - Adaptive Beamforming with SI/SD masks
- Acoustic Models
 - Deep TDNN-F[D.Povey+2018]
 - Data Augmentation
- System Fusion
 - Location Level
 - Beamforming Level



System Overview

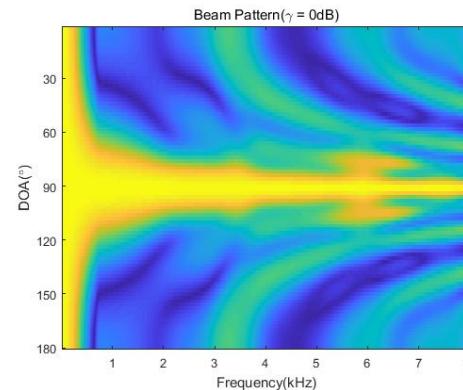
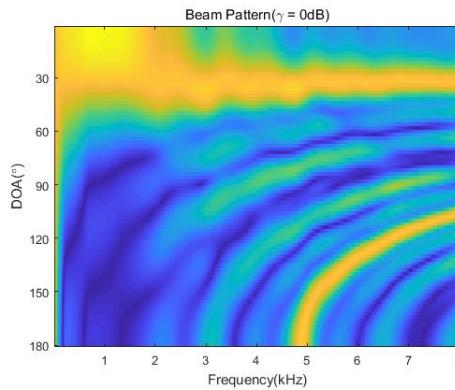




Front End

- Fixed Beamforming

- Design fixed beamformers by sampling DoA (30, 60, 90...)
- Ensemble methods



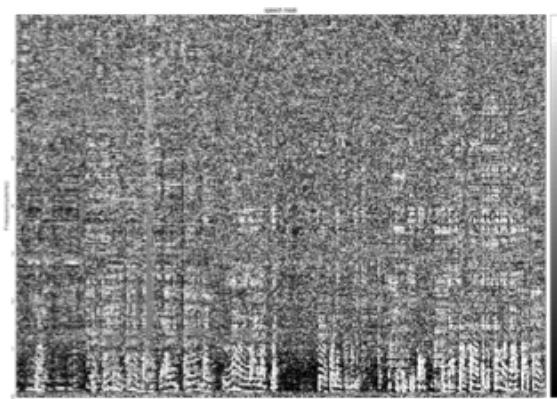
- Adaptive Beamforming

- MVDR/GEV/PMWF.....
- TF-Mask (SI/SD) estimator

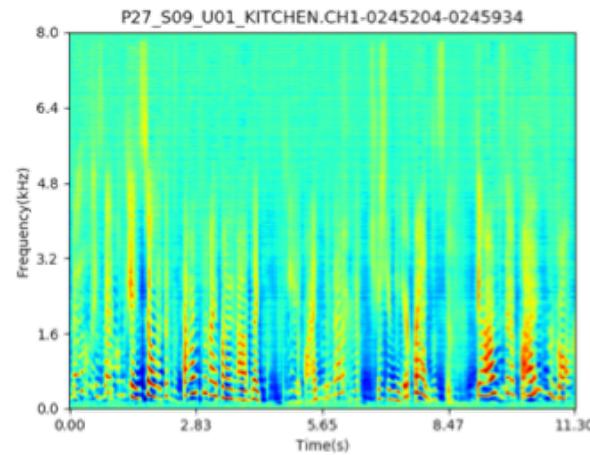


Front End

- Adaptive Beamforming (SI)
 - CGMM[NTT+2016] mask estimated on close-talk data as supervision
 - Corresponding far-field speech as input
 - Mask quantization brings little improvements



CGMM

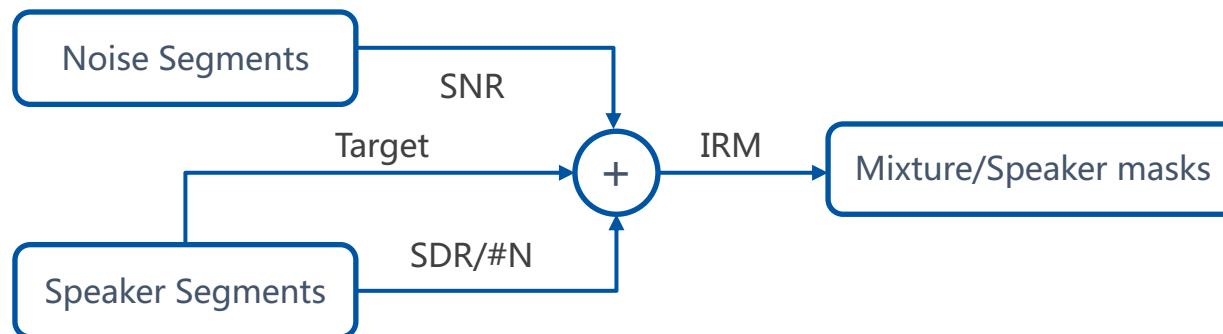


NN



Front End

- Adaptive Beamforming (SD)
 - Model training
 - ✓ Split segments which have only one speaker by annotations
 - ✓ Treat non-speaker segments on training set as candidate noise
 - ✓ Exclude silence part from noise set using a simple VAD
 - ✓ Data simulation on above speaker and noise segments
 - ✓ Training IRM estimator on simulated data for each speaker





Front End

- Adaptive Beamforming (SD)
 - Model details
 - ✓ 3 layer BLSTMs
 - ✓ log filter bank feature as input
 - Results for each speaker (absolute WER reduction)
 - ✓ P05 2.91%+
 - ✓ P06 2.52%+
 - ✓ P07 3.00%+
 - ✓ P08 **3.62%+**
 - ✓ P25 1.86%+
 - ✓ P26 2.17%+
 - ✓ P27 *0.39%+*
 - ✓ P28 2.39%+



Front End

- Results on baseline AM

Methods	WER %
Beamformit	82.40
CGMM-MVDR	81.08
SI-MVDR	80.82
SD-MVDR	80.02
DoA-X joint decoding	80.69
SD-MVDR + DoA-X joint decoding	80.05

- Joint decoding means state-level posterior average
- In submitted transcripts, we use ROVER [J.G.Fiscus+1997] instead of posterior average



Acoustic Models

- Factored form of TDNN
- Location dependent training
- Data augmentation (MCT)



Acoustic Models

- Deep TDNN-F
 - Front end: official beamformer
 - Training data: same as baseline
 - TDNN-F brings **7% absolute reduction** on WER

Acoustic model	Feature	Dev (WER%)
Official GMM-HMM	MFCC	91.83
Official TDNN	MFCC	80.11
Official TDNN	LMFB	79.91
TDNN-F (11 layers)	LMFB	75.34
1CNN+TDNN-F (15 layers)	LMFB	73.16
1CNN + TDNN-F (19 layers)	LMFB	72.61

- For TDNN-F, scaled case is better than floating case



Acoustic Models

- Data Augmentation
 - Basic data augmentation brings **2% absolute reduction** on WER

ID	Training Data	Dev(WER%)
Baseline	1+3	72.61
Model 1	1+3+5	70.49
Model 2	1+3+4	71.32

- ✓ 1 → All close talk data
- ✓ 3 → Far-field data used in baseline setup
- ✓ 4 → DoA-90 enhanced speech (25k, 60h)
- ✓ 5 → WS (weight and sum/Beamformit) on far-field data (460h)



Acoustic Models

- Data Augmentation
 - Further data augmentation could bring **3% absolute WER reduction**
 - ✓ Fix beamforming {DoA-60,90,120}
 - ✓ SI/SD-MVDR beamforming on far-field training data
 - ✓ Single channel speech enhancement
 - 5k utterances per kinect, 25k utterances in total for each method
 - Results on dining room
 - ✓ Before 305h 71.83%
 - ✓ After 605h 68.95%
 - Not fully finished until submission



System Fusion

- ROVER on different AMs & Front Ends
 - ROVER brings **3% absolute WER reduction**
 - Baseline N-gram LM

Beamformer	Model1	Model 2	Model{3~5}
CGMM-MVDR	70.05%	70.80%	71.22%
DoA-105	69.67%	70.40%	70.72%
DoA-90	69.87%	70.62%	71.15%
DoA-60	69.66%	70.63%	70.94%
Beamformit	70.21%	71.07%	71.55%
SI-MVDR	68.83%	69.53%	70.07%
SD-MVDR	68.66 %	69.06%	69.57%
ROVER	65.17%		

- Model 3~5: TDNN-F trained on dining/living/kitchen rooms



System Fusion

- ROVER on different AMs & Front Ends
 - RNNLM brings **2% absolute WER reduction**
 - ✓ LSTM-TDNN structure & Kaldi-RNNLM toolkit
 - ✓ 3-order pruned lattice-rescoring algorithm

Beamformer	Model1	Model 2	Model{3~5}
CGMM-MVDR	68.25%	68.68%	69.08%
DoA-105	68.13%	68.43%	68.65%
DoA-90	68.13%	68.65%	69.25%
DoA-60	68.09%	68.64%	69.09%
Beamformit	68.50%	69.28%	69.48%
SI-MVDR	66.98%	67.39%	68.07%
SD-MVDR	66.91%	67.00%	67.63%
ROVER	63.54%		



Summary

- Tune baseline 2%+
- Front End 2%+
- Acoustic Model 7%+
- Partial Augmentation 2%+
- System fusion 3%+ 16%+ total
- RNNLM 2%+ 18%+ total



Zhiwei Zhao, Jian Wu, Lei Xie
ASLP@NWPU
URL : www.npu-aslp.org



Thank You